



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SCIENCE

FRIDAY, APRIL 5, 1912

CONTENTS

<i>The Proceedings at the Centenary of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia</i>	517
<i>The Misuse of Lantern Illustrations by Museum Lecturers: DR. C. H. TOWNSEND</i>	529
<i>Ralph Stockman Tarr</i>	531
<i>Charles Robert Sanger</i>	532
<i>Scientific Notes and News</i>	533
<i>University and Educational News</i>	536
<i>Discussion and Correspondence:—</i>	
<i>Principles of Water-power Development: DR. W. J. MCGEE. Dr. Radosavljevich's "Critique" of Professor Boas: DR. ROBERT H. LOWIE. Report of the Seal Commission: GEORGE A. CLARK</i>	536
<i>Quotations:—</i>	
<i>Lord Lister and Westminster Abbey</i>	541
<i>Scientific Books:—</i>	
<i>Soddy's Chemistry of the Radio-elements: PROFESSOR B. B. BOLTWOOD. Bryan on Stability in Aviation: DR. W. J. HUMPHREYS. Pilsbry on Non-marine Mollusca of Patagonia: PROFESSOR T. D. A. COCKRELL</i>	542
<i>Special Articles:—</i>	
<i>The Upper Eocene Titanotheroid Telmathierium (?) incisivum Douglass from the Uinta Basin: PROFESSOR WILLIAM K. GREGORY. Oil Concentration about Salt Domes: PROFESSOR G. D. HARRIS</i>	546
<i>The American Association for the Advancement of Science:—</i>	
<i>Section D: G. W. BISSELL</i>	547
<i>Societies and Academies:—</i>	
<i>The Helminthological Society of Washington: MAURICE C. HALL. The Academy of Science of St. Louis: PROFESSOR GEORGE T. MOORE</i>	553

MSs. intended for publication and books, etc., intended for review should be sent to the Editor of SCIENCE, Garrison-on-Hudson, N. Y.

THE PROCEEDINGS AT THE CENTENARY OF THE ACADEMY OF NATURAL SCIENCES OF PHILADELPHIA

AN adequate celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the academy was urged by the academy secretary early in February, 1911, and was entrusted to a general committee of forty-three. The celebration thus provided for extended over three days: the 19th, 20th and 21st of March. It began on the 19th because that was the stated meeting night of the academy, the 21st being the actual date of the anniversary. The lecture hall on the evening of the 19th was well filled with people, the front seats being occupied by delegates, who, to the number of one hundred and forty-seven, had been appointed by corresponding societies at home and abroad.

The president of the academy, the Honorable Samuel Gibson Dixon, M.D., LL.D., took the chair promptly at 8 P.M., and introduced the Honorable Rudolph Blankenburg, mayor of Philadelphia, who, in a few well-chosen words, cordially welcomed the visiting scientists to the city. The recording secretary, Edward J. Nolan, M.D., then requested the delegates, as the names of the societies they represented were called by the corresponding secretary, J. Percy Moore, Ph.D., to arise, bow, and hand their letters of credential and congratulation to the president without reading. As the exercises of the evening were likely to be lengthy, he asked that any remarks considered desirable should be very brief. Thus warned, as a matter of fact, no one spoke, and as much the greater number of the two hundred and eighty-six letters received from all parts of the world